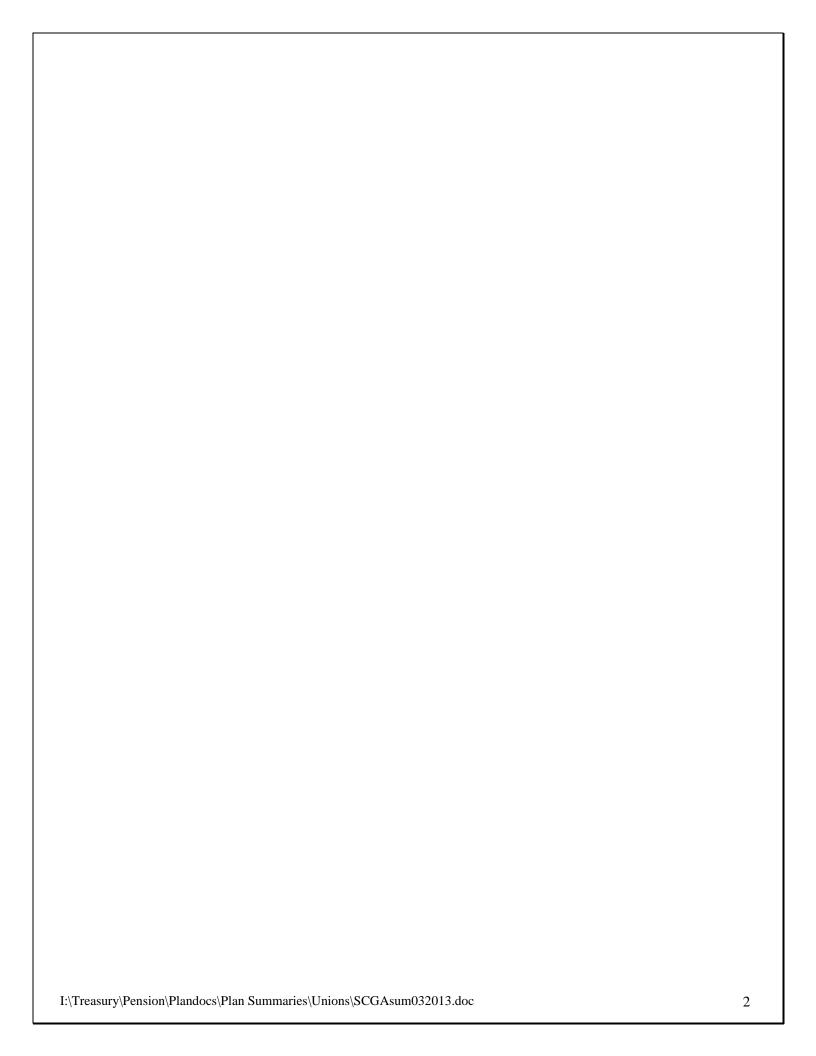


### City of Hartford Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

# SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS THE SCHOOL CROSSING GUARD'S ASSOCIATION (SCGA)

As of March 13, 2013



### City of Hartford Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

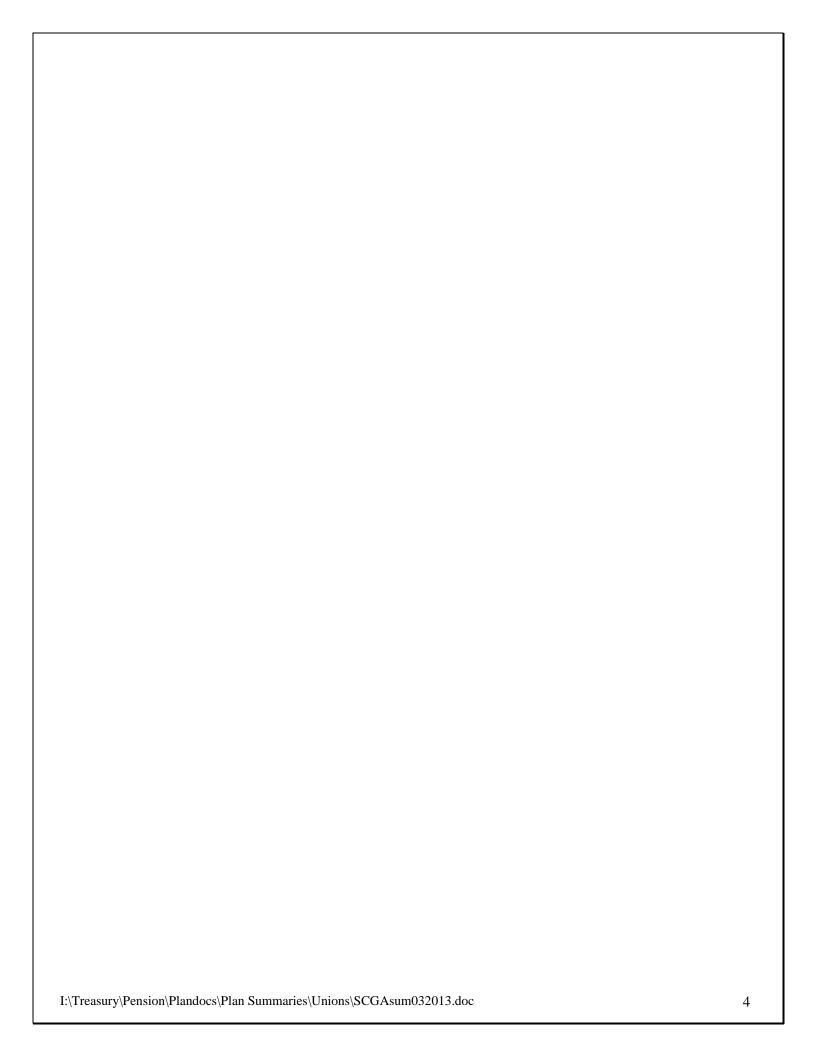
# SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS THE SCHOOL CROSSING GUARD'S ASSOCIATION (SCGA)

#### PLEASE NOTE:

The information in this booklet is intended to provide a summary of the more important features of the City of Hartford Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund (also referred to as the MERF, or simply as the "Retirement Plan" or "Plan").

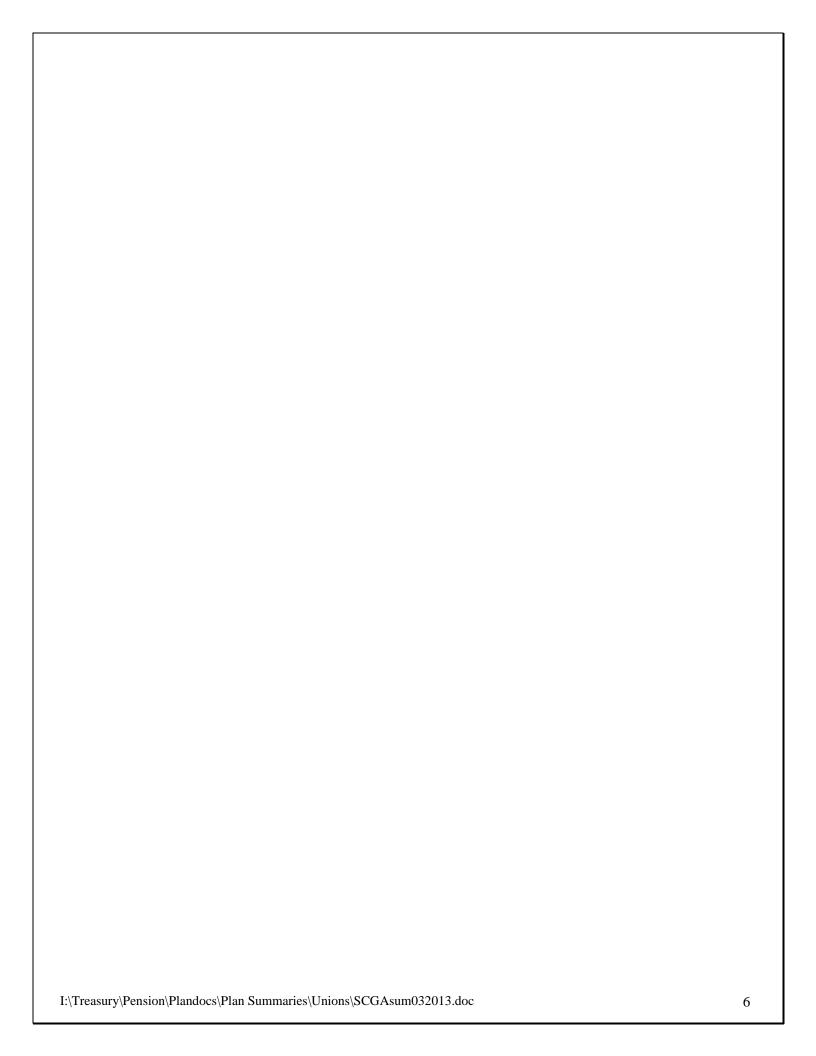
This booklet is not a legal document and is not intended to give you complete details on all the Plan provisions or to confer any benefits on, to or for you, or your heirs, beneficiaries, successors, personal representatives or assigns.

Actual benefits and the terms and conditions governing them are set forth solely in applicable provisions of the Plan Documents which include applicable sections of the City's Charter, its Appendix, the Hartford Municipal Code, various statutory provisions and your group's collective bargaining agreement, if any. In the event any conflict exists between the Plan and this summary, the Plan Documents will control.



### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SECTION	Pages
Definitions	7-8
Pension Service	9-15
<b>Member Contributions</b>	16-17
Eligibility	18
Benefits	
<b>General Information</b>	19-21
<b>Termination Benefits</b>	22
<b>Retirement Benefits</b>	23-25
<b>Disability Benefits</b>	26-31
<b>Death Benefits</b>	32-33



Definitions	This section defines several terms that are used throughout this
	Summary of Plan Provisions.

**Charter** Charter of the City of Hartford

City City of Hartford, Connecticut including the Hartford Public

Library and all of the City's boards, commissions, agencies and authorities whose employees are eligible to participate in the

MERF.

City Treasurer The duly and independently elected official who serves as both

the City Treasurer and the Secretary of the Pension

Commission

**CMERS** Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System

(CMERS), also known as "State MERF B."

**Member** When capitalized, this term refers to any individual who has

been enrolled in and is a participant of the MERF.

**MERF** City of Hartford Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund, also

referred to as the "Plan."

Municipal Code Municipal Code of the City of Hartford

**Pension** The Pension Commission is the body charged with

**Commission** administering the MERF pursuant to the Municipal Code and

Charter.

Pension Administration

Unit

The Pension Administration Unit operates under the direction of the Plan Administrator and provides the services necessary to administer the MERF on behalf of the Pension Commission.

**Plan** City of Hartford Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund,

also referred to as the "MERF."

**Plan Administrator** The Plan Administrator is appointed by the Pension

Commission and is responsible for the day-to-day

administration of the Plan and the Pension Administration

Unit on the Commission's behalf.

Social Security The amount of any earnings that are paid to you in any year

Covered Earnings on which you owe social security taxes. The Internal

Revenue Service adjusts this amount each October for the

coming calendar year.

**Union Affiliation** The School Crossing Guard's Association

(SCGA)

### **Pension Service**

There are several different types of service that may affect your pension. Here is a brief description of each type of service.

The SCGA member's position is considered a "full time" position in the collective bargaining agreement even though such positions are for 20 hours per week.

### **Aggregate Service**

The total of all of your periods of service with the City during (or for) which you made contributions as a member of the MERF. Aggregate Service does not include Purchased Service unless otherwise noted below.

#### **Break-in-Service**

Any absence, *without pay*, which lasts more than ninety (90) consecutive calendar days, will cause a "Break-in-Service," unless:

- up you apply for, and are granted, a leave of absence, for whatever reason, by the City Council;
- □ the absence is caused by a disability that, in most cases, requires the regular attendance of a physician;
- you were receiving Statutory Worker Compensation benefits during the period of your absence; or
- your absence was due to service in the U.S. armed forces, or certain other uniformed services, and, after completing that service, you returned immediately to City employment.

### **City Service**

Any period or periods of employment with the City during, or for, which you make contributions to the MERF.

### **Continuous Service**

Any period or periods of City service during, or for, which you make contributions to the MERF which are not interrupted by a "Break-in-Service."

Continuous Service also may include certain types of Purchased Service, but only after certain requirements are met.

Continuous Service is the type of service that generally is used to determine your <u>eligibility</u> for benefits from the Plan.

### **Credited Service**

The total of your Aggregate and Purchased Service.

With the exception of USERRA service or periods when you were receiving Statutory Workers' Compensation benefits, periods of absence of ninety-one (91) days or more are <u>not</u> included in Credited Service, even if such absences do not constitute a Break-in-Service (see definition above). Credited Service includes only those periods that you actually worked, and for which you made contributions to the MERF, or purchased. The only exceptions are for eligible USERRA service and periods while you are receiving Statutory Workers' Compensation benefits, which are included in Credited Service.

Credited Service is the type of service that is used to determine the <u>amount</u> of your benefits from the Plan.

### **Part-Time Service**

The SCGA member's position is considered a "full time" position in the collective bargaining agreement even though such positions are for 20 hours per week. The following definition *does not* apply to your service as a member of the SCGA.

There are two types of part-time service that are eligible to be counted as pension service in the MERF:

- Periods of employment with the City, while you were in an "unclassified" position, when you worked less than a full-time schedule and during (or for) which you made contributions to the MERF and
- Certain periods of employment with the Library or Board of Education when you worked less than the full time schedule for the job and during (or for) which you made contributions to the MERF

Part-Time service is included as both Aggregate and Credited Service on a pro-rata basis. Each year of Part-Time service is converted into full-time equivalent by using the following formula:

Number of hours actually worked divided by

Number of regular hours that would normally be worked by an employee in an equivalent full-time position For example, if you work 20 hours a week and the normal full time schedule is 35 hours, your Part-Time Service would equal:

$$\frac{20}{35} = .57$$

You would be credited with .57 of a week of service rather than a full week.

### **Purchased Service**

Certain types of Prior City and Non-City service may be added to the service otherwise included in your pension account under the conditions described below.

#### General Restrictions:

- Purchased Service will be credited only if that service by itself, or in combination with other service, for which you receive pension credit, constitutes a "whole year of service".
- □ No Purchased Service can, or will, be used to qualify you for a benefit by being included in your Continuous or Aggregate Service (unless otherwise noted below) until you have reached your Normal Retirement Age and have at least ten (10) years of actual City Service.
- Application for the purchase or transfer of service to be used as Purchased Service must be made within the prescribed period defined in the Plan and full payment for the Service must be made to the Treasurer's Office prior to your retirement in order for it to be included as Credited Service.
- ☐ If you are a participant in a Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, either through the City of Hartford, or another organization, you may be able to use all or a portion of your account in that plan to pay for your service purchase. The Plan Administrator will provide details upon request.
- Contributions for Purchased Service (other than those transferred from another retirement system or paid for Prior City Service) that cannot be used will be returned to you when you retire.

Contributions for all Purchased Service (including those transferred from another retirement system or paid for Prior City Service) will be returned to you if your employment terminates before you become eligible for a pension, or if you are eligible to elect a refund in lieu of a pension.

### Prior City Service:

The Municipal Code and Charter allow re-employed prior MERF Members, who withdrew their MERF contributions when they left City employment, to repay the withdrawn contributions plus interest in order to receive pension credit for the service attributable to the withdrawn contributions.

Prior City Service will be used to qualify you for retirement or vesting and will be included in your Aggregate and Credited Service once the contributions are repaid.

You must notify the Plan Administrator, in writing, of your intent to repay the withdrawn contributions within ninety (90) days after you complete your new probationary period.

### Prior City Service While a Member of CMERS:

If you were a member of either Local 1716 (excluding the Evelyn Ball Chapter) or Local 566 during your employment with the City, your pension was provided by CMERS, the State retirement system. Once your membership in one of these unions ends and you become a member of the MERF, you may be eligible to transfer the service accrued under the CMERS plan to the MERF if:

- ☐ You did not withdraw the contributions you made to CMERS
- You are not currently receiving a retirement benefit from CMERS
- □ You authorize CMERS to transfer your CMERS pension contributions to the MERF, and the transfer is made, and
- ☐ You pay any difference in contributions between what you paid to CMERS and what you would have paid to the MERF had you always been a member of the MERF.

Prior Service while a member of Locals 1716 or 566 will be used to qualify you for retirement and will be included in your Aggregate and Credited Service once the service

transfer is completed.

Once the Pension Administration Unit is notified of your change in classification, you will be sent a letter outlining your options with respect to transferring this service. This service transfer generally must be initiated upon your change in union affiliation.

### Prior Service With the Federal Government, or any State or Political Subdivision:

The Municipal Code and Charter allow Members under the age of sixty (60) who worked for one or more of the abovenamed entities and who participated in an actuarially sound pension plan sponsored by the entity, to transfer the Pension Service retirement credits earned with that plan to the MERF. Members who wish to transfer such credit can do so only if all of the following conditions are met:

- □ A reciprocity agreement exists between that plan and the MERF. Currently reciprocity agreements exist only with the State Tier I plan (contributory plan for employees hired by the State on or before July 1, 1984) and the Metropolitan District Commission;
- ☐ You did not withdraw the contributions you made to that plan
- ☐ You are not currently receiving a retirement benefit from that plan and do not retain any vested rights to a pension from that plan; *and*
- ☐ You make up any shortfall in the contributions required to pay the benefits associated with that service as determined by the Pension Commission.

Service transferred under this section cannot be used to qualify you for retirement. It will be included in both your Continuous and Aggregate Service once you have reached your Early or Normal Retirement Age and have at least five (5) years of actual City Service and the transfer is completed.

You must make your request to purchase this service within thirty (30) days of the date you become employed (or reemployed) by the City.

### Qualified Non-City Service:

SCGA members are not eligible to purchase Qualified Non-City Service under the provisions of the Municipal Code or Charter.

### Prior Military Service:

The Municipal Code, Charter and your union contract allow Members to purchase up to four (4) years of pension service credit for time served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces during any of the periods set forth in Section 27-103 of the Connecticut General Statutes. A copy of this document is available in the Pension Administration Unit.

Military Service purchased under this provision cannot be used to qualify you for retirement. However, once you otherwise qualify for retirement, and subject to the General Restrictions noted earlier, purchased Military Service will be used to compute the amount of your pension at the earliest of the following, once full payment for the service is made:

- □ After five (5) years of Continuous Service;
- □ After fifteen (15) years of Aggregate Service; <u>or</u>
- □ Upon retirement due to a service-connected disability.

You must make your request to purchase such service within one (1) year of the date you become employed by the City.

### Service covered by the Federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act ("USERRA")

USERRA, incorporated into the Municipal Code and Charter, allows Members who leave the employment of the City in order to serve in any of the "uniformed services" of the United States the opportunity to purchase pension service credit for certain portions of that service if and when they are reemployed by the City.

For purposes of USERRA, service in the "uniformed services" includes service in any branch of the armed forces of the United States, the Air National Guard, the Army National Guard, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service and any other category designated as such by the President of the United States in the time of war or

emergency.

Employees who leave City service to serve in the U.S. armed forces, Red Cross or FBI and are then reemployed by the City in accordance with the provisions of Section 2-437 of the Hartford Municipal Code, will be granted pension service credit for that period of service without having to make any employee contributions for the period of that service. This service will then be included in Aggregate and Credited Service on the same basis as other City Service actually spent working for the City.

There are limits on the amount of time during which you can exercise your rights under USERRA. The amount of time depends on the on the length of your USERRA service. If you leave City service to serve in any of the uniformed services, you should contact the Pension Administration Unit immediately upon your return to determine your rights and obligations to obtain Pension Service credit for that service.

### Sick Exchange:

The sick exchange provisions are not applicable to SCGA bargaining unit members.

### **Member Contributions**

The MERF is a contributory defined benefit plan. Both the City and Plan Members share in the cost of the Plan. This section explains the contributions that are required for Members in your employment classification.

If you were hired on or after March 13, 2013, you will not be entitled to any pension rights and benefits under the MERF.

### **Amount**

As a Plan Member, you are required to make contributions to the Plan equal to three percent (4%) of your pension eligible earnings up to Social Security Covered Earnings, plus six percent (7%) on the excess.

These contributions are made on an after-tax basis. They will be deducted from your earnings after any income taxes are paid on them. You will not have to pay any taxes on these contributions when you withdraw them or retire.

#### **Interest**

Your contributions are credited with three percent (3%) interest on July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year as long as you remain an active, contributing member of MERF.

Interest is determined using your account balance as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the prior calendar year. For example, interest credited on July 1, 2006 will be based on your account balance as of June 30, 2005.

Once your employment terminates, or you stop contributing for any other reason, no additional interest is credited to your account.

### Transfers Between Different Unions or Employment Groups

Different employee groups and unions have different contribution levels. Generally when you transfer from one group to another, your level of contribution will be adjusted to the amount required by your new group or union from the day you become a member of the new group. Any contributions you have already made will remain in the MERF and be automatically transferred to your new group.

There are two exceptions to this:

- ☐ If you transfer into the uniformed services (Police or Fire unions) you will be required to pay the difference between the uniformed services contribution level and what you were contributing before you became a member of the uniformed services.
- □ If you transfer into HMEA from any employment group, and your initial date of hire (or adjusted hire date, if a rehire and you do not have a Break in Service) is prior to July 1, 2003, you will be required to pay the difference between the HMEA 7.8% contribution rate and the rate you previously paid, retroactive to January 1, 2004.

Please note that if the contribution rate for your new group is lower than for your prior group, all of your contributions remain in the MERF. There are no refunds paid as the result of a transfer.

## Withdrawals and Refunds

You are not allowed to withdraw or receive a refund of your pension contributions while you are employed by the City and making contributions to the MERF.

When you retire, your pension contributions will be used to help pay for your pension. The contributions must remain with the MERF in order for you to receive a pension.

If your employment terminates before you are eligible to retire, you may be eligible for a refund of the contributions you made to the MERF, together with any interest in your account.

Please refer to the section of this Summary describing Termination Benefits for additional information about contribution refunds.

### **Eligibility**

The MERF provides different types of benefits, each with its own eligibility rules. This section explains the rules that apply to the different benefit categories.

### Vesting

After the completion of five (5) years of Continuous Service, any benefits you have earned in the MERF become non-forfeitable. This means that if you leave City employment before meeting the requirements for retirement, any benefits you have earned up to the time you leave cannot be taken away from you. In order to collect these benefits you will have to leave your contributions with the MERF and meet certain other requirements, which are described below.

### **Normal Retirement**

You will be eligible for Normal Retirement once you meet *either* of the following conditions:

- ☐ You are at least age sixty (60) with at least five (5) years of Continuous Service; or
- You are at least age fifty-five (55) with at least twenty-five (25) years of Continuous Service

### **Early Retirement**

You will be eligible for Early Retirement once you are at least age fifty-five (55) and have at least five (5) years of Continuous Service.

## Effective Date of Retirement

This is the day following your "Last Day Paid." It is the date on which your retirement becomes effective and is the first day for which you will receive a pension.

The "Last Day Paid" is described in the section of this *Summary* called *Benefits in General*.

### **Benefits in General**

The amount of your benefit from the MERF is determined by a formula, which is based on a combination of your years of service, earnings and age.

The benefits you receive from the MERF are in addition to benefits you may receive from Social Security or other sources (unless noted otherwise in the descriptions below).

Benefits are payable, depending on your eligibility, at termination of employment, normal or early retirement, disability or death.

Here are some further definitions to help you understand how the Plan benefits are calculated.

# **Credited Service** "Last Day Paid"

The "Last Day Paid" is the last day for which you will receive Credited Service.

- ☐ It takes into account any unused vacation or holiday time for which you are paid.
- ☐ It does <u>not</u> include severance or sick time for which you are paid

If you do not receive payment for any of your accrued but unused vacation, holiday or earned time, your Last Day Paid will be your last day of work.

If you receive a lump sum payment, or weekly payments, for accrued but unused vacation, holiday or earned time they will be counted on a daily basis, beginning on the first workday following the last day you actually worked and continuing just as if you had been receiving your regular pay until they are used up. The last day for which any payment is made is your Last Day Paid.

### Example

Your last day of work is May 25, 2007, a Friday. You have 10 days of unused vacation for which you will be paid.

For purposes of determining your Last Day Paid:

add the 10 days to May 25th, counting only weekdays.

In this example, your Last Day Paid will be June 8, 2007.

<u>Date</u>	Weekday	Accrued time
May 26	Saturday	0 days
May 27	Sunday	0 days
May 28	Monday	1 day
May 29	Tuesday	1 day
May 30	Wednesday	1 day
May 31	Thursday	1 day
June 1	Friday	1 day
June 2	Saturday	0 days
June 3	Sunday	0 days
June 4	Monday	1 day
June 5	Tuesday	1 day
June 6	Wednesday	1 day
June 7	Thursday	1 day
June 8	Friday	1 day

### **Pension Earnings**

The earnings that are used to determine your pension are referred to as your Pension Earnings. Pension Earnings include all of the regular, overtime, holiday, vacation and longevity pay that you receive while working, as well as any payment for your accrued but unpaid vacation, holiday and earned time that you receive upon your separation from City employment.

In order for earnings to be included as Pension Earnings, you must make pension contributions on such earnings.

### Final Average Pay Period

The Final Average Pay Period is the final ten (10) years ending on your "Last Day Paid."

Your Final Average Pay Period would then be the ten years ending on this date. The Final Average Pay Period would begin on June 9, 1997 and end on June 8, 2007.

### **Final Average Pay**

Your Final Average Pay Period is the ten (10) years ending on your Last Day Paid and your Final Average Pay is equal to the average of the highest five (5) years of Pension Earnings in the Final Average Pay Period.

Once the Final Average Pay Period is identified, the Pension Earnings you received during each of the years within that

ten-year period will be identified. A year, for this purpose, is defined as 12 consecutive calendar months, beginning with the Last Day Paid and working backwards so that there are ten (10) equal 12-month periods. Using the same example, the first year is June 9, 1997 through June 8, 1998; the second is June 9, 1998 through June 8, 1999 and so forth for a total of ten (10) years.

And, finally, once that has been done, the five (5) years with the highest earnings are averaged and become your Final Average Pay.

Service

The service used in your pension calculation includes all of your Credited Service.

**Last Day Paid** 

The City Personnel Department provides the Pension Unit with a copy of your Separation Form B, which includes your final date of service, taking into account your accrued but unused vacation, holidays and earned time. This final date of service is called the "Last Day Paid" and is the last day for which you will receive Credited Service.

**Maximum Benefits** 

Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, sets limits on the maximum amount of benefits that can be paid from qualified plans such as the MERF. If your total benefit exceeds these limits, your benefit from the MERF will be limited to what is allowed under the Code. Any excess portion of your benefit will be paid from a special Section 415 Excess Plan funded by the City's General Fund.

#### **Termination Benefits**

### Non-Vested Benefits

If you are not vested when you leave City employment, you may request a refund of your contributions plus interest.

Normally, once the Pension Administration Unit receives notice of your termination from the City, a letter will be sent to you explaining your refund options. Basically, you can elect one or more of the following options:

- □ Withdraw all your after-tax contributions, plus interest, if any, in a lump sum,
- □ Withdraw all of your pre-tax contributions plus interest, if any, in a lump sum,
- □ Roll all of your pre-tax contributions and all of your interest to another eligible employer plan or IRA,
- □ Withdraw a portion of your pre-tax contributions plus interest, if any and roll over the balance to

Under the terms of the Municipal Code and Charter, your withdrawal or rollover request must be made within ten (10) years of your termination date or your contributions, plus interest, will be forfeited.

### **Vested Benefits**

If you are vested when your employment with the City terminates, and you are not eligible to begin receiving your pension immediately, or under the Special Retirement provisions, you have the option of either:

- □ Leaving your contributions in the Plan and receiving a vested benefit once you qualify for retirement; or
- □ Requesting a refund of your pension contributions with interest, if any, and forfeiting your right to any future benefits from the Plan.

If you elect to leave your contributions in the Plan and vest your benefit rights, you will be eligible to receive what is called a vested benefit once you meet the age requirements for retirement (age 60 for an unreduced benefit or age 55 for a reduced benefit).

The vested benefit is calculated according to the type of retirement (i.e. Normal or Early) for which you apply, based on your years of Credited Service. Refer to the sections on Early and Normal Retirement Benefits for details of the calculation.

### **Retirement Benefits**

### **Benefit**

**Normal Retirement** The Normal Retirement Benefit is equal to:

One percent (1%) of your Social Security Average Earnings multiplied by your Credited Service, plus two percent (2%) of your Excess Earnings multiplied by your Credited Service.

### **Social Security Average Earnings:**

Total of your Social Security Covered Earnings while you were employed by the City divided by your Aggregate Service, including fractional years.

### **Excess Earnings:**

Final Average Pay minus Social Security Average earnings.

The maximum percentage allowed is one hundred percent (100%) of Final Average Pay.

### **Early Retirement** Benefit

The Early Retirement Benefit is equal to:

The Normal Retirement Benefit reduced by two percent (2%) for each whole year and fraction that early retirement precedes your normal retirement date.

### **Retirement Benefit Examples**

### Example 1 Normal Retirement

Assume that:

- □ You are age 55
- □ you have 25 years of Credited Service
- your Final Average Pay is equal to \$20,000
- u your Social Security Average Earnings are \$17,000.

Your Normal Retirement Benefit would be calculated as follows:

	Social Security Average Earnings:	\$ 17,000.00
X	Percentage:	<u>.01</u>
=	Benefit Unit:	170.00
X	Credited Service:	<u>25</u>
=	Benefit A:	\$ 4,250.00
	Final Average Pay:	\$ 20,000.00
_	Social Security Average Earnings	-17,000.00
=	Excess Earnings:	3,000.00
X	Percentage	.02
=	Benefit Unit:	60.00
X	Credited Service:	<u>25</u>
=	Benefit B:	1,500.00
	Total Annual Benefit = $(A) + (B)$ :	\$ 5,750.00
/	Divided by:	<u>12</u>
=	Total Monthly Benefit:	\$ 479.17

# Example 2 Early Retirement

Assume that:

- □ you are age 55
- □ you have 15 years of Credited Service
- □ your Final Average Pay is equal to \$20,000
- u your Social Security Average Earnings are \$17,000.
- □ Your Normal Retirement Date is age 60 since you do not meet the age 55 and 25 years rule.

Your Early Retirement Benefit would be calculated as follows:

x = x =	Social Security Average Earnings:  Percentage: Benefit Unit: Credited Service: Benefit A:	\$ 17,000.00 .01 170.00 .15 \$ 2,550.00
- = x = x =	Final Average Pay: Social Security Average Earnings Excess Earnings: Percentage Benefit Unit: Credited Service: Benefit B:	\$ 20,000.00 -17,000.00 3,000.00 .02 60.00 15 \$ 900.00
/ = Ear	Total Annual Benefit = (A) + (B): <u>Divided by:</u> Total Monthly Benefit:  ly Retirement Factor: 2% x 5 years = .10	\$ 3,450.00 \$ 287.50
	ly Retirement Reduction: .10 x 287.50 justed Monthly Benefit:	0 <u>- 28.75</u> \$ 258.75

### **Disability Benefits**

The Plan may provide benefits in the event you become disabled while you are an active City employee. Certain service and other requirements must be met in order to qualify for these benefits.

#### **General Information**

You must apply for disability pension benefits within one (1) year of the time you are disabled (i.e. generally within one (1) year of the date your doctor tells you, or it otherwise is apparent, that you will no longer be able to perform the duties of your current job because of your medical condition).

Disability Benefits are payable as monthly allowances until the *earlier of:* 

- □ the last day of the month in which you die, or
- □ the date when you are determined to no longer be disabled based on the definition of disability as it applies to the type of disability allowance you are awarded.

Subject to approval by the Pension Commission, anyone who elects to receive a Disability Benefit may subsequently qualify for either a Normal or Early Retirement Benefit in lieu of a Disability Benefit, if he or she is otherwise eligible to receive such a benefit.

If you are awarded a disability pension, you must file a statement of earnings with the Pension Commission each year. Failure to provide this statement will result in a suspension of your disability benefits until the statement is received. The City Charter and the Municipal Code require this.

If you die while you are receiving a Disability Benefit, a survivor benefit may be payable to your spouse for the balance of his or her life if your spouse qualifies as a "surviving spouse" under the Plan. There is additional information on survivor's benefits in the Death Benefits section.

## Calculating Disability Benefits

There are four (4) different types of disability benefits. Each disability benefit is applicable to a specific type of disability, as described below. Regardless of the type of disability, all disability benefits are based on a combination of service, earnings and benefits you may receive from other sources such as Workers' Compensation or Social Security. In each situation,

certain minimum and maximum benefits also apply.

The following definitions should assist you in understanding how disability benefits are calculated:

### **Disability Definitions**

### Annual Pay Your "Annual Pay" is equal to the sum of

- (i) your weekly rate of pay at the time your disability was incurred multiplied by 52 weeks, plus
- (ii) any longevity pay that would have been payable to you had you continued to work during the year following the date you incurred your disability.

Average Annual Rate of Pay or Average Annual Pay Your "Average Annual Rate of Pay" or "Average Annual Pay" is the average of the <u>ten (10) years</u> of Pension Earnings immediately preceding your disability retirement (or average of your total years of Pension Earnings if you have less than ten years). Pension Earnings are described earlier in this Summary.

# Basic Disability Benefit

This amount is the starting point for the disability benefit calculation. The benefit is calculated according to a formula that applies to the type of disability benefit for which you are eligible.

### Adjusted Normal Retirement Benefit

This benefit is calculated the same way as your Normal Retirement Allowance except that your Average Annual Rate of Pay is used in lieu of what would have been your Final Average Pay.

### Maximum Benefit

Each type of disability benefit has a separate Maximum Benefit. The Maximum Benefit is the largest benefit you will receive as a disability allowance.

### Minimum Benefit:

Each type of disability benefit has a separate Minimum Benefit. The Minimum Benefit is the smallest benefit you can receive as a disability allowance.

## Reduction in Income

This is the difference between what you can earn from gainful employment despite your disability and what you were earning from the City when your disability began.

### Types of Disability Benefits

# Permanent and Total – Service Connected

**Eligibility:** There is no age or service requirement to qualify for this benefit. You must, however, be permanently and totally disabled. Your disability also must be work-related as defined in the Workers' Compensation Act.

**Benefit:** Your benefit is equal to the *lesser of* (A) or (B), but will never be less than (C).

### A) <u>Basic Disability Benefit</u>:

The annual amount paid for this type of benefit equals the greater of (1) or (2) below:

- 1. Your Adjusted Normal Retirement Benefit, minus any benefits you receive from Workers' Compensation, or
- 2. Fifty percent (50%) of your Annual Pay, minus any benefits you receive from Workers' Compensation.

### B) <u>Maximum Allowable Benefit</u>:

The maximum annual benefit paid for this type of disability is equal to 2/3rds (66.67%) of your Average Annual Pay, minus

- 1. any benefits you receive from Workers' Compensation, and
- 2. any benefits you receive from Social Security.

### **C)** Minimum Benefit:

The minimum amount paid for this type of disability is Thirty Dollars (\$30.00) per month.

### Permanent and Total – *Non-Service* Connected

**Eligibility:** There is no age requirement to qualify for this benefit. You must, however, have at least ten (10) years of Continuous Service You must also be permanently and totally disabled.

**<u>Benefit</u>**: Your benefit is equal to the lesser of (A) or (B), but will never be less than (C).

### A) Basic Disability Benefit:

Your Adjusted Normal Retirement Benefit.

### **B)** Maximum Allowable Benefit:

The maximum annual benefit paid for this type of disability is equal to 2/3rds (66.67%) of your Average Annual Pay, minus any benefits you receive from Social Security.

### C) **Minimum Benefit**:

The minimum amount paid for this type of disability is Thirty Dollars (\$30.00) per month.

# Permanent Partial – Service Connected

**<u>Eligibility</u>:** There is no age or service requirement to qualify for this benefit. You must, however, meet all of the following requirements:

- a) you must be permanently disabled,
- b) your disability must have caused your income from gainful employment to be reduced by at least ten percent (10%) as measured against the amount you were earning from the City when your disability began, and
- c) your disability must be work-related as defined in the Workers' Compensation Act.

**Benefit:** Your benefit is equal to the lesser of (A) or (B,) but will never be less than (C).

#### A) Basic Disability Benefit:

The annual amount paid for this type of benefit equals the *greater* of(1) or (2) below:

- Your Adjusted Normal Retirement Benefit, minus any benefits you receive from Workers' Compensation, or
- 2. Fifty percent (50%) of your Reduction in Income, minus any benefits you receive from Workers' Compensation.

### **B) Maximum Allowable Benefit:**

The maximum annual benefit paid for this type of disability is equal to 2/3rds (66.67%) of your Average Annual Pay, minus

- any benefits you receive from Workers' Compensation, and
- 2. any benefits you receive from Social Security.

### **C)** Minimum Benefit:

The minimum amount paid for this type of disability is Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per month.

# Permanent Partial - Non-Service Connected

<u>Eligibility</u>: There is no age requirement to qualify for this benefit. You must, however meet all of the following requirements:

- a) you must be permanently disabled, and
- b) your disability must have caused your income from gainful employment to be reduced by at least ten percent (10%) as measured against the amount you were earning from the City when your disability began, and
- c) you must have at least ten (10) years of Continuous Service.

**<u>Benefit</u>**: Your benefit is equal to the lesser of (A) or (B), but will never be less than (C).

### A) <u>Basic Disability Benefit</u>:

Your Adjusted Normal Retirement Benefit.

### **B)** Maximum Allowable Benefit:

The maximum annual benefit paid for this type of disability is equal to the *smaller of* (1) or (2):

- 1. 1 2/3% (i.e. 0.01667) of your Reduction in Income multiplied by your years of Credited Service, or
- 2. 2/3rds (66.67%) of your Average Annual Pay, minus any benefits you receive from Social Security.

	num Benefit: inimum amount pa	id for this type of d	isability is
Ten Do	ollars (\$10.00) per	month.	Š

### **Death Benefits**

The Plan provides benefits in the event you should die while you are an active City employee, have vested rights to a pension or are receiving a pension from the MERF.

#### **Pre-Retirement**

*If you are not vested:* Your beneficiaries will receive a refund of the contributions you, as the Member, made to the MERF plus interest if any.

*If you are vested and have a qualifying spouse:* Your spouse will have a choice of:

- Receiving a survivor's allowance equal to fifty percent (50%) of the monthly benefit that would have been paid to you had your employment with the City terminated on your date of death and had you lived until your Early Retirement Date. No benefit will be paid prior to what would have been your Early Retirement Date. Payment will continue until the death or remarriage of your surviving spouse.
- Receiving a refund of the contributions you made to the MERF plus interest, if any.

If you are vested and do not have a qualifying spouse: Your beneficiaries will receive a refund of the contributions you made to the MERF plus interest, if any.

In this case, a "qualifying spouse" is a spouse or Civil Union Partner who

- □ was or is married to(or a partner in a Civil Union with) the Member at the time employment ceases
- □ is married to (or a partner in a Civil Union with) the Member at the time of his or her death, and
- □ survives the Member.

### **Post-Retirement**

If you have a qualifying spouse: Your spouse will receive a survivor's allowance equal to fifty percent (50%) of the monthly benefit you would have received had you lived. Payment will continue until the death or remarriage of your surviving spouse.

If you do not have a qualifying spouse: Your beneficiaries will receive a refund of the contributions you made to the MERF plus interest, if any, minus any pension payments you received while you were alive.

In this case, a "qualifying spouse" is a spouse or Civil Union Partner who

- □ was or is married to(or a partner in a Civil Union with) the Member at the time employment ceases
- □ is married to (or a partner in a Civil Union with) the Member at the time of his or her death, and
- □ survives the Member.